## КРАЕВОЕ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ БЮДЖЕТНОЕ ПРОФЕССИОНАЛЬНОЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ «КОЛЛЕДЖ МАШИНОСТРОЕНИЯ И ТРАНСПОРТА»

#### В.В. Адодина

Практические задания по учебной дисциплине ОДБ.03 Иностранный язык

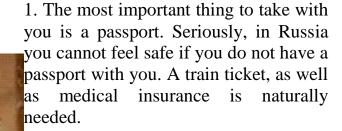
по теме: Тема 1.10. Экскурсии и путешествия

Методическая разработка

г. Владивосток 2019 г.

1. Sheldon Cooper is known for his love of trains. He decided to take a journey on the Trans-Siberian Railway. After reading the travel blogs, he learned that the most authentic way to travel is a second-class carriage. Sheldon does not yet know what awaits him. Let's help him and write short life hacks that will help him survive.

#### Life hack to survive in Russian train



2. Remember that the roads in Russia are incredibly long — In fact for some time you will find your second home on the train. Therefore, in addition to a passport and a ticket, you must take with you déshabillé (especially socks!), flip-flops, hygiene items, lots of food, books and crossword puzzles.

3. ....

the more concentrated the fun-

4....

Sheldon Cooper is also known for his love of writing paper letters. Imagine that he is writing a letter to his friends in Pasadena. What remarkable things will he tell? You can use the text as a source of information or use the Internet. Describe Sheldon's observations as a list of facts (remember that the third thing Sheldon loves is making lists). Below is the beginning of the letter.

## Dear Leonard, Penny, Howard and Rajesh,

I hasten to tell you that everything is fine with me. There is the fourth day of my journey to Russia. The conditions are almost unbearable, but I have the example of Dr. Spock in front of my eyes and internally fasten. I began to eat this strange Russian food that *babushkas* constantly offer me. I think now I am 90% boiled eggs, grilled chicken, cucumbers and *pirozhki*. I almost spent my supply of wet wipes and soon begin to smell like everyone on this train. However, the difficulties of the road are compensated for by the wonderful views of the cities and the countryside outside the window.



But let me put my notes in order:

- 1. .....
- 2. .....
- 3. .....

#### 2. Answer the questions to the text you've read:

- 1. What are the main purposes of travelling?
- 2. What means of travelling can you name?
- 3. Why is travelling by train more interesting then by plane?
- 4. Are sea voyages popular as business journeys?
- 5. What another very popular method of travelling can you name?

#### 3. Translate the words and phrases given in brackets.

- 1. I hate flying and always prefer to travel (на поезде).
- 2. (самый удобный способ) to get there is by plane.
- 3. Modern planes have very comfortable (сиденья) in all cabins.
- 4. I like (походы / пеший туризм) because it's an easy way to keep fit.
- 5. Going on this tour you can see many interesting places (за короткое время).

#### 4. Choose the word that best completes the sentences from the list below:

by sea on foot expensive advantages walking tours cars business trips by car pleasure journeys anywhere you wish by air by train

- 1. Travelling \_\_\_\_\_ is the fastest way to get somewhere.
- 2. You can easily get there \_\_\_\_\_.

3. The most pleasant but the most way to travel to Solovki is
4. Travelling has one big advantage: you can stop and make an
ordinary meal a picnic.
5. In the last decade, ecotourism has developed in Russia. Almost every region can
offer you in the protected corners of nature.
6 are better to take by plane or train, and – by sea or
7. Traveling in the Russian reserved-seat car is terrible, but there are also sleeping
and a dining, which will greatly facilitate your existence.
5. Find the synonyms.

1	journey	a	wagon-lit
2	dining car	b	by road
3	by air	c	flight
4	voyage	d	way
5	walking tour	e	trip
6	mean	f	hike
7	sleeping car	j	by plane
8	by car	h	buffet car

6. There are some differences between a travel, a trip, a journey, a tour, a voyage, and a crossing. Study the definitions below and check the correct answer below.

**TRAVEL** – the activity of travelling; a journey (air/space travel business travel; travel about the Far East).

JOURNEY - the act of travelling from one place to another, especially in a vehicle (*I love going on long journeys*).

**TOUR** – 1. A visit to a place or area, especially one during which you look around the place or area and learn about it (We went on a guided tour of the cathedral/museum/factory); 2. A journey made for pleasure, especially as a holiday, visiting several different places in an area (a cycling tour of Provence); 3. A planned visit to several places in a country or area made for a special purpose, such as one made by a politician, sports team, or group of performers (a lecture/concert tour).

**TRIP** – a journey in which you go somewhere, usually for a short time, and come back again (The trip from York to Newcastle takes about an hour by train).

**VOYAGE** – a long journey, especially by ship (*He was a young sailor on his first* sea voyage).

**CROSSING** – a journey across a large area of water, from one side to the other (*It* was a really rough crossing -I threw up three times).

1. A is a long trip for pleasure and sightseeing often consisting of visits to
different places.
2. A is a travel made by water - sea or ocean.
3. Our included England, France and Germany.
4. It would be impossible to imagine modern life without
5. In 1912, the Titanic hit an iceberg on its first across the Atlantic, and it
sank four hours later.
6. You can by train, by bus, by plane, by ship or in a car, and finally you
can go on foot.
7. Unfortunately that ended in a shipwreck, and Robinson Crusoe found
nimself on a deserted island.
8. Mr. Dower has visited many countries and now he is writing a book about his
·
9. One day I came back from a few days' made on foot through the island.
10. As far as I am concerned, I prefer by air.

#### 7. Read the article and then check the correct answers below.

#### TOP TIPS FOR TRAVEL

Whether you're studying, working or on a vacation, traveling can be one of the most rewarding and educational experiences in life. But there are also a few challenges that every traveler will face, so we've prepared some helpful tips to make things easier.

#### Learn about the transport system.

Every country is different, but your needs will always be the same: you need to move around quickly and easily. So study the transport system in your destination before you visit. Sometimes it's really simple: a single metro system for the whole city. Great! Sometimes it's more complicated: a mixture of public and private train lines, multiple bus companies and different kinds of taxis. Either way, find out about it before you travel.

### Download a good map app.

Prepare all you want, but sometimes you'll get lost. It'll happen. A few years ago, this might have been a problem, but these days there's an easy solution: download a good map application to your phone. If you get lost, just turn on GPS and you'll fi nd your destination in no time. The joys of modern technology, eh?

## Learn to say 'hello', 'sorry' and 'thank you'.

You don't always need to learn the entire language of the country you're traveling to, but you should learn three key words: 'hello', 'sorry' and 'thank you'. These words will bring friendly smiles from locals, they'll get you out of trouble, and they'll get you help when you need it. Most of all, they'll make you sound lovely and polite. Learn them!

1. Which types of travel are mentioned?	3. What can you do if you get lost?
<ul><li>☐ work, business and study</li><li>☐ study, work and vacation</li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Learn about the transport system.</li><li>☐ Use a map application.</li></ul>
□ vacation, business and study	☐ Turn off GPS.
2. According to the article, what is an example of a simple transport system?	4. Which reason for learning to say 'hello', 'sorry' and 'thank you' is not mentioned?
$\Box$ a mixture of public and private train	
lines	☐ It will help you make friends.
☐ multiple bus companies	☐ It will get you help when you need it.
☐ a single, citywide metro system	☐ It will make you sound polite.

#### 8. Read the text about the Trans-Siberian Railway and do some exercises.

There's no doubt that the most famous railway in Russia is The Trans-Siberian Railway. It's short name is the Trans-Sib. It was called The Great Siberian Way in the past. And it really deserves to be called great. This railway passes through whole Russia.

It plays a very important role for the country. Don't forget about its economic importance. The Trans-Sib connects the Central part of Russia with the Eastern part of the country. This helps quicker development of the Siberian territories.

Look at the map and you'll realize what a distance the trains covers travelling by The Trans-Siberian Railway. It connects Moscow and Vladivostok. Also this way it passes many Russian cities and towns. Yaroslavl, Yekaterinburg,



Omsk, Irkutsk, Chita are among them. The Trans-Siberian Railway is the longest in the world. Its length is 9288.2 kilometers.

There is no other Railway that crosses practically 2 continents of the world. By the way, 20 per cent of The Trans-Siberian is in Europe and 80 per cent is in Asia. On the

board between these continents, there is a sign outside the window of the train going on the Trans-Siberian Railway. It's called "The board of Europe and Asia".

There are some special excursion tours along The Trans-Siberian Railway. They are very popular among foreigners. They suit those who are interested in going through all the country. You can see how rich and diverse nature and geography of Russia. Here you'll be able to feel how tremendous its territory is. This is a very exciting and unusual tour.

Those who will decide to go through The Trans-Siberian Railway will have visited 87 Russian cities and towns. Monuments and signs installed near the railroad will inform about coming from one region to another. I think it's enough big experience. Apart from the cities you'll find a lot of interesting things during the trip. For example, you will pass the Urals. They divide Europe and Asia. You'll see a lot of Russian rivers. For example the Volga, the Ob, the Irtish, the Yenisey, Amour and many others.

Of course, Lake Baikal is one of the main sightseeing attractions, which you can see during your trip on the Railway. Lots of people overcome hundreds of kilometers especially to see it. This lake is unique. This is the deepest lake in the world (its deepness achieves 1637 meters). And it's also the purest one. Going through The Trans-Siberian Railway, you get an opportunity to have a look at this

lake. The train goes about 200 kilometers parallel to the lake. Sometimes the road goes very close to the bank. And this makes an unforgettable impression.

The Trans-Siberian Railway crosses 8 time zones. So be attentive or you'll get lost in time. If to note that the road takes about 10 days then you'll have to correct your watches practically every day.

The choice of the trains going on the Railway is quite big. But the most comfortable are of course the firm trains. There are air conditioners and television. Such trains make fewer stops. Sometimes they even go 400 kilometers without stopping at any station. This class is often used by foreigners and Russians for traveling.

## During his journey, Sheldon has seen many geographic objects. Remember which ones are used with *the* and which ones are not:

Russia Lake Baikal Novosibirsk Irtish Soviet Union Asia Urals Central Part Irkutsk Chita Siberia Ob Yaroslavl Yekaterinburg Eastern part Moscow Yenisey Europe Vladivostok Russian Federation Omsk Volga Russian Far East Amour



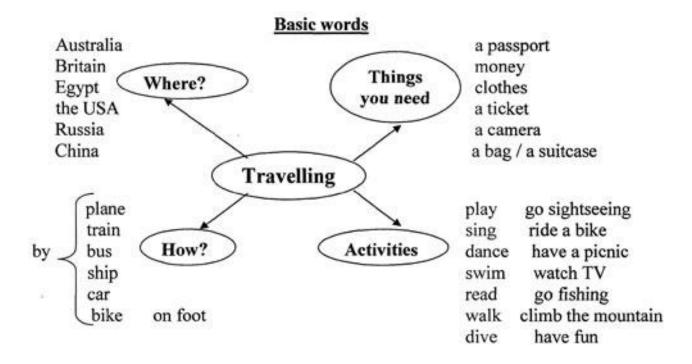
the	<u> </u>

# 9. Speak about your latest journey or trip using the scheme below and answering the following questions:

- Where have you been?
- How have you got there?
- What activities did you take part in?



### - What things did you need in different situations?



#### 10. Read the text at page 9. Divide into 2 groups: A and B.

- a. Draw a flowchart that clearly demonstrates the order of actions of a person traveling by plane.
- b. Imagine that a person does not know both Russian and English draw a similar pictogram.
- a. Imagine that something goes wrong with your ticket and passport, but you need to fly away by all means. Develop a plan of action and make the appropriate adjustments to your scheme.
- b. Imagine that the customs officer found something in your baggage that is forbidden to be exported from the country, moreover, not declared by you. What do you do in this case? What adjustments should be made to the scheme?

## 11. Look at the phrases given at pages 8 and 10. Make dialogues that may arise in the following situations:

You want to buy a ticket from Arkhangelsk to Munich

This is your first flight and you do not know where to go

You are going through security



The officer has found something susceptive in your luggage

You can also use this website: http://flight-attendant.ru/english\_in\_the\_airport/

## 12. Study the words from pages 12-14 and do a test where you should put the letters into right order.

ehlot	bde	ehlost	loop
moor	ccehk	acegny	bdelou
abht	deks	eersv	aacetv
intw	aps	eisstu	filst
ceipr	eorrst	aansu	ehorsw

#### 13. Choose the correct answer.

13. Choose the correct answer.			
1. Hello, I have a My name is	8. Could you give me a up call at		
Matthew Jones.	6 o'clock in the morning please?		
a. reserve	a. sleep		
b. reserved	b. start		
c. reservation	c. wake		
d. reserving	d. morning		
2. Beach equipment is to all of our	9. If you've never been to this city,		
guests, free of charge.	you should take a look at our sight-		
a. average	seeing.		
b. available	a. menu		
c. advantage	b. brochures		
d. avail	c. front desk		
3. We only have one left, and it's	10. Sorry, we don't have a		
for a single room. The rest of the hotel	service. You'll have to park your car		
is full.	yourself.		
a. vacination	a. room		
b. vacancy	b. laundry		
c. vacation	c. valet		
d. vagrant			
4. I'd like to order room please.	11. I'm sorry, but we don't have any		
I'd like a bottle of red wine sent up to	vacancies. We are fully		
room 407.	tonight.		
a. standard	a. vacant		
b. staff	b. booked		
c. service	c. closed		

d. stuff	
5. Can I my stay for another day	12. You might like to voice your
please?	complaint about the rate to the
a. express	
b. extention	a. housekeeper
c. exit	b. valet driver
d. extend	c. hotel manager
6. I'm leaving tomorrow. What time	13. If you need a midnight snack
do I have to check by?	there's a full of potato chips
a. up	on your floor.
b. out	a. bellboy
c. through	b. kitchenette
d. over	c. vending machine
7. The for a single room is \$60 a	14. I'll call housekeeping and ask
night.	them to bring you some fresh
a. rent	a. ice
b. hire	b. milk
c. pay	c. linen
d. rate	

#### 14. Write the conversation in the correct order.

A: We'll take a room on the second floor. How much is it?

B: Okay. It suits us. We'll take this room.

A: Seventy dollars a night, sir.

B: Yes, we'll be able to put you up. Which floor would you like, sir?

A: Have you got any vacant rooms?

B: One double-room, please.

A: Single or double, sir?



#### 15. Translate from Russian into English.

- Т: Чем ты занимаешься, Лиза?
- L: I'm looking at the holiday brochure. There are four hotels in the town, but I can't decide which one we should stay.
- Т: Дай мне посмотреть. Почему бы нам не остановиться в Голд Плаза? Он выглядит самым комфортабельным из четырех и не такой дорогой, как Саншайн.
- L: But, it's near the main road and I think it'll be too noisy to live there.
- Т: А как насчет отеля Мэджик Касл тогда?
- L: I don't know. It looks dirtier than the other hotels.
- Т: Но он самый дешевый и возможно там тише, чем в Голд Плаза. Смотри! В брошюре также сказано, что там дружелюбный персонал.
- L: Okay! Let's stay at the Magic Castle Hotel. I'm sure it will be fine.

## 16. Look at the exercise at page 17. Match the words with the pictures in a way to complete the phrases.